

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as indicated below.

1. (Previously Presented) A method for compressing a Rabin signature, s , for a user
5 having a public key, n , comprising the step of:

generating a compressed Rabin signature based on a continued fraction expansion
of s/n , wherein said continued fraction expansion of s/n further comprises the steps of

computing principal convergents, u_i/v_i , for i equal to 1 to k , of a continued
fraction expansion of s/n , where k is a largest integer for which principal convergents are
10 defined;

establishing an index l , such that $v_l < \sqrt{n} < v_{l+1}$; and

generating a compressed Rabin signature (v_l, m) for a message, m .

2. (Cancelled)

3. (Original) A method for compressing a Rabin signature, s , for a message, m , and a
user having a public key, n , comprising the steps of:

computing principal convergents, u_i/v_i , of a continued fraction expansion of s/n ;

establishing an index l , such that $v_l < \sqrt{n} \leq v_{l+1}$; and

generating a compressed Rabin signature (v_l, m) .

4. (Original) The method according to claim 3, wherein $sv=u \pmod{n}$.

5. (Original) The method according to claim 3, wherein $|v| \leq \sqrt{n}$.

6. (Original) The method according to claim 3, wherein $|u| \leq \sqrt{n}$.

7. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said principal convergents,
 u_i/v_i , are computer for i equal to 1 to k , where k is a largest integer for which principal
30 convergents are defined.

8. (Original) A method for decompressing a compressed Rabin signature (v, m) for a message, m , and user having a public key, n , comprising the steps of:

applying a message formatting function, h , to the message, m , to computing $h(m)$;

computing a value, t , as $h(m)v^2 \bmod n$;

5 obtaining a value, w , as a square root of the value, t ;

computing a signature value, s , as $w/v \bmod n$; and

providing a decompressed signature (s, m) .

9. (Original) The method of claim 8, further comprising the step of generating an error if no integer square root exists.

10. (Original) A method for compressing an RSA signature, s , for a message, m , and a user having a public key (n, e) , comprising the steps of:

computing principal convergents, u_i/v_i , of the continued fraction expansion of s/n ;

15 establishing an index l , such that $v_l < n^{(1-1/e)} \leq v_{l+1}$; and

generating a compressed signature (v_l, m) .

11. (Original) A method for decompressing a RSA signature (v, m) for a message, m , and a user having a public key (n, e) , comprising the steps of:

20 applying a message formatting function, h , to the message, m , to computing $h(m)$;

computing a value, t , as $h(m)v^e \bmod n$;

determining whether the values t or $t-n$ have an e^{th} root over integer values;

computing a value, w , as the e^{th} root; and

computing the decompressed signature $(w/v \bmod n, m)$.

25 12. (Original) The method of claim 11, further comprising the step of generating an error if no e^{th} root exists.

13. (Previously Presented) A system for compressing a Rabin signature, s , for a user having a public key, n , comprising:

a memory; and

at least one processor, coupled to the memory, operative to:

generate a compressed Rabin signature based on a continued fraction expansion of s/n , wherein said processor is further configured to perform said continued fraction expansion of s/n by:

5 computing principal convergents, u_i/v_i , for i equal to 1 to k , of a continued fraction expansion of s/n , where k is a largest integer for which principal convergents are defined;

 establishing an index l , such that $v_l < \sqrt{n} < v_{l+1}$; and

 generating a compressed Rabin signature (v_l, m) for a message, m .

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14. (Cancelled)

15. (Original) A system for decompressing a compressed Rabin signature (v, m) for a message, m , and user having a public key, n , comprising:

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 a memory; and

 at least one processor, coupled to the memory, operative to:

 apply a message formatting function, h , to the message, m , to computing $h(m)$;

 compute a value, t , as $h(m)v^2 \bmod n$;

 obtain a value, w , as a square root of the value, t ;

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 compute a signature value, s , as $w/v \bmod n$; and

 providing a decompressed signature (s, m) .

16. (Original) The system of claim 15, wherein said processor is further configured to generate an error if no integer square root exists.

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